

### Labour market situation of youth

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## Hungary





European Union countries (2007)

intries that are candidates to become members of the European Union

Capital: Budapest Area: 93.027 km<sup>2</sup>

Population: 9,95 million (2012.01.01)

Percentage change of GDP volumen (adjusted, raw data (the corresponding period of previous year))

2012 Q2: - 1,1 % 2011. Q2: +1,3 %

Activity rate (Aged 15-64):

2012. Q2: 64,2 % 2011. Q2: 62,6 %

Employment rate (Aged 15-64):

2012. Q2: 57,2% 2011. Q2: 55,8%

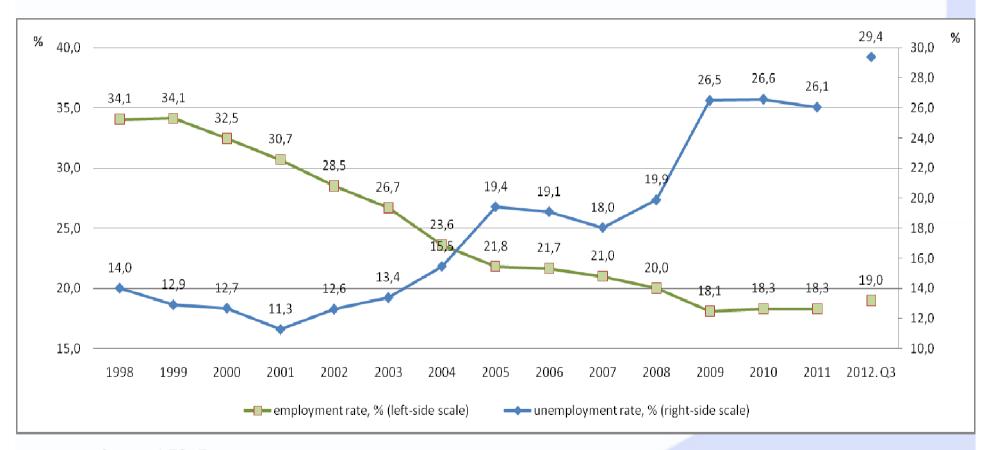
Unemployment rate (Aged 15-74):

2012. Q2: 10,9 % 2011. Q2: 10,8 %

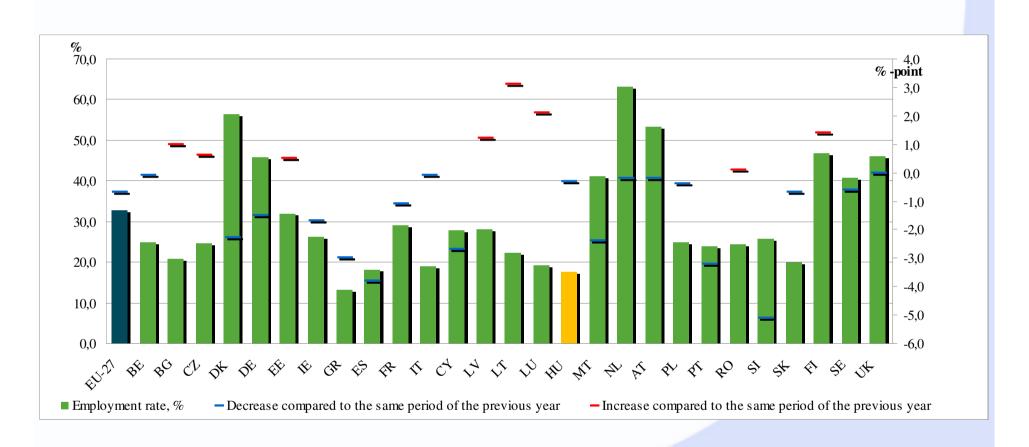
### Employment rates in EU-27, Hungary

	1 3	2012. Q2			2011. Q2		
				Difference			Difference
		EU27	Hungary	(EU-27- Hungary)	EU27	Hungary	(EU-27- Hungary)
		%		%-point	%		%-point
15-64 years		64,3	57,2	7,1	64,5	55,8	8,7
15-24 years		32,8	17,8	15,0	33,5	18,1	15,4
25-49 years		77,7	74,9	2,8	78,3	73,8	4,5
55-64 years		48,9	37,2	11,7	47,5	35,5	12,0
15-64 years	Pre-primary, primary and lower secondary education	43,9	26,7	17,2	45,4	25,9	19,5
	Upper secondary and post- secondary non-tertiary education	68,5	62,5	6,0	68,9	61,0	7,9
	Tertiary education	82,1	78,7	3,4	82,4	78,9	3,5

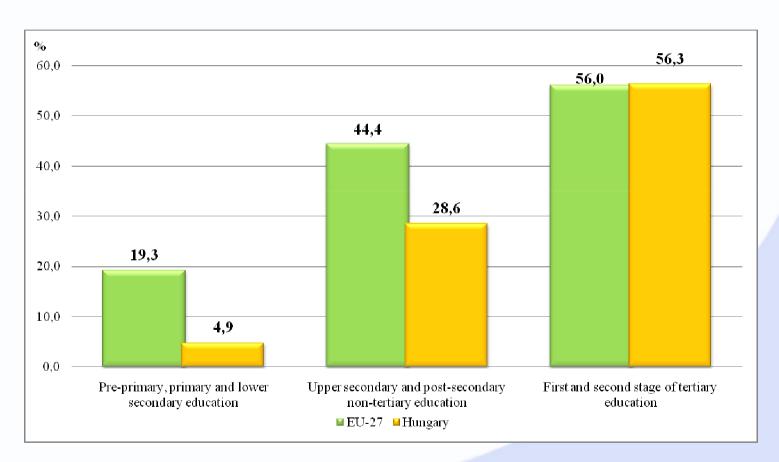
### Employment and unemployment rate youth, aged 15-24 years

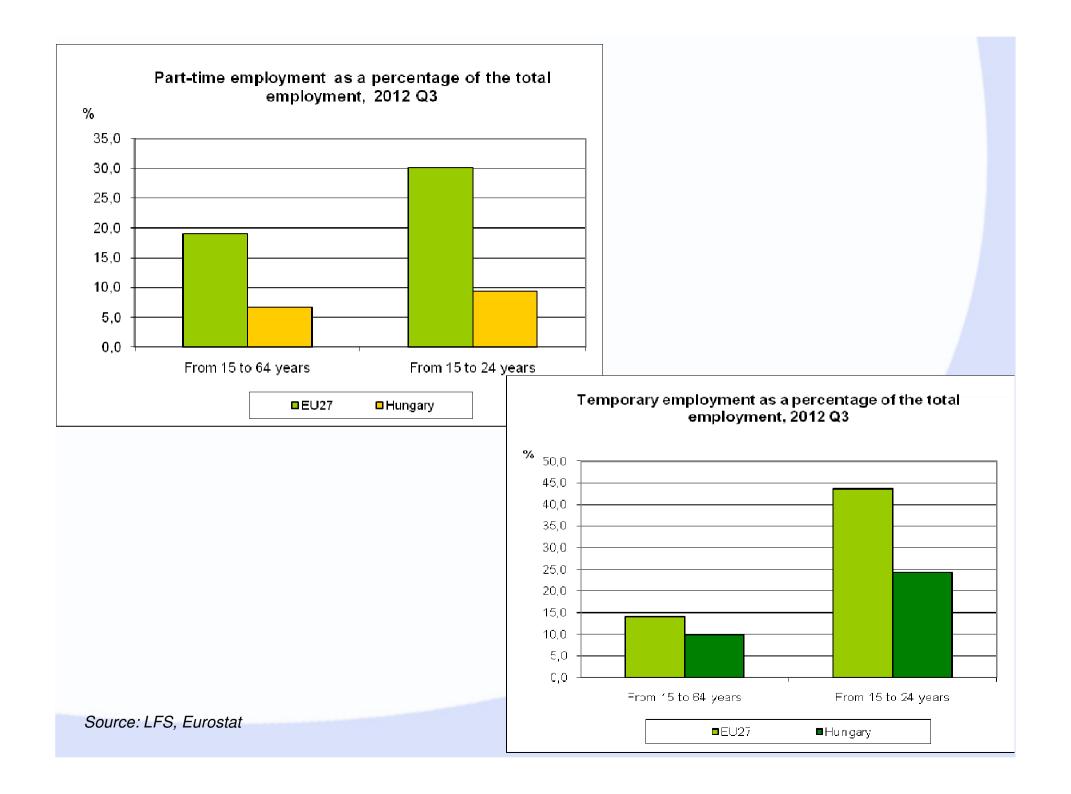


## Employment rate of population between age 15-24 and changes in Q2 2012

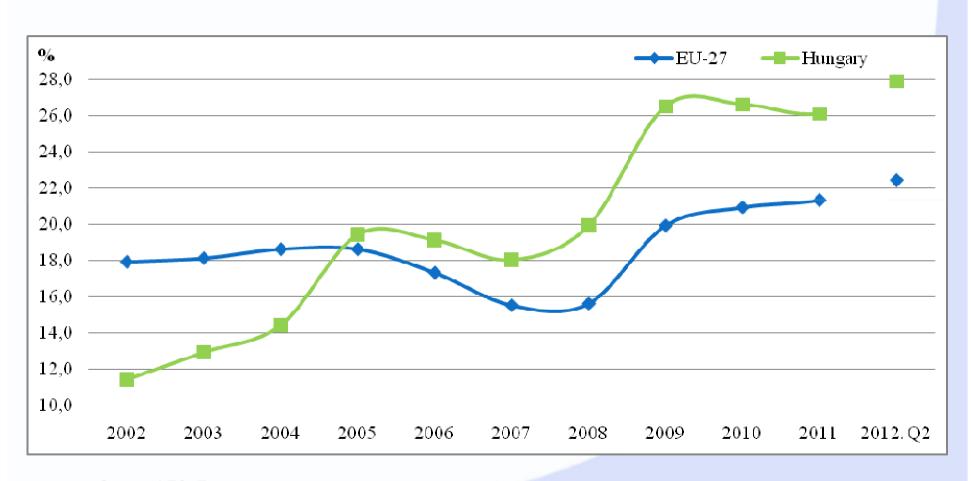


## Employment rate of population between age 15-24 years by educational attainment in Q2 2012

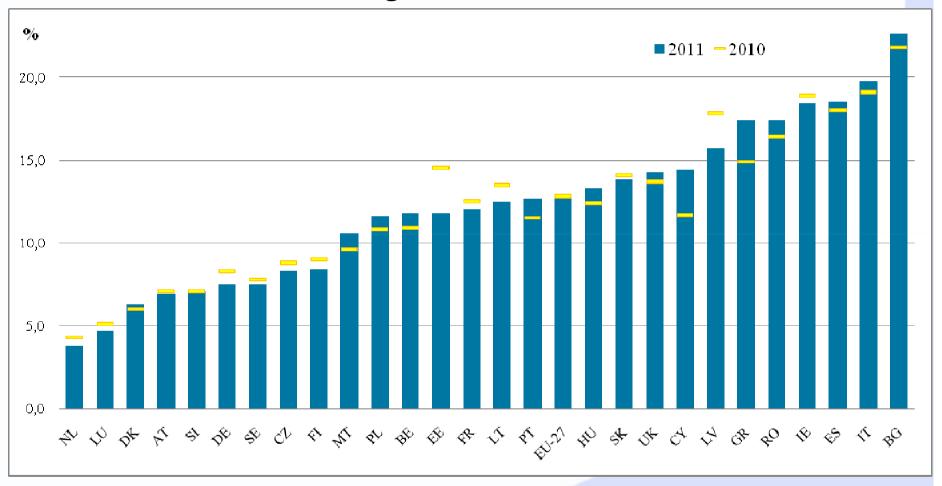




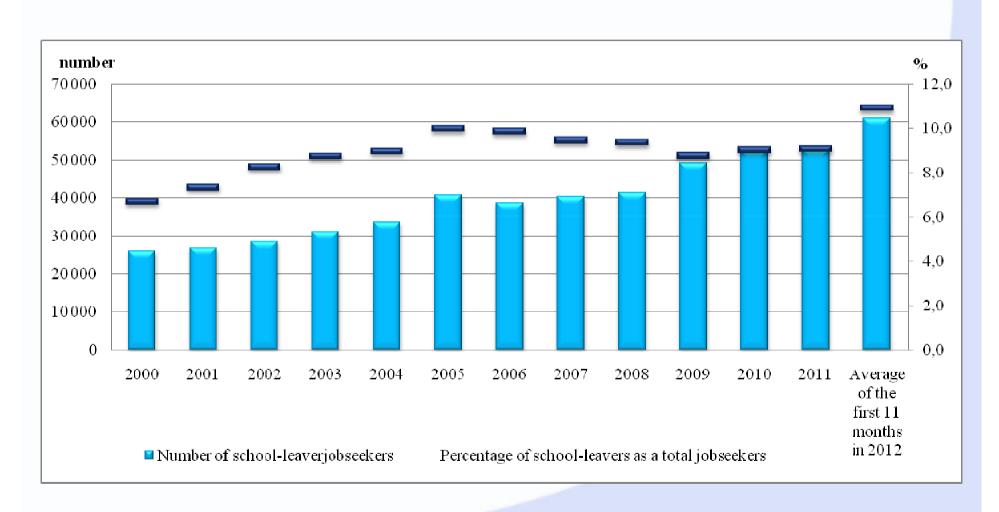
# Unemployment rate of population between age 15-24 years



## Young people aged 15-24 not in education, employment or training (NEET) in the EU



# Number and proportion of registered school-leaver jobseekers



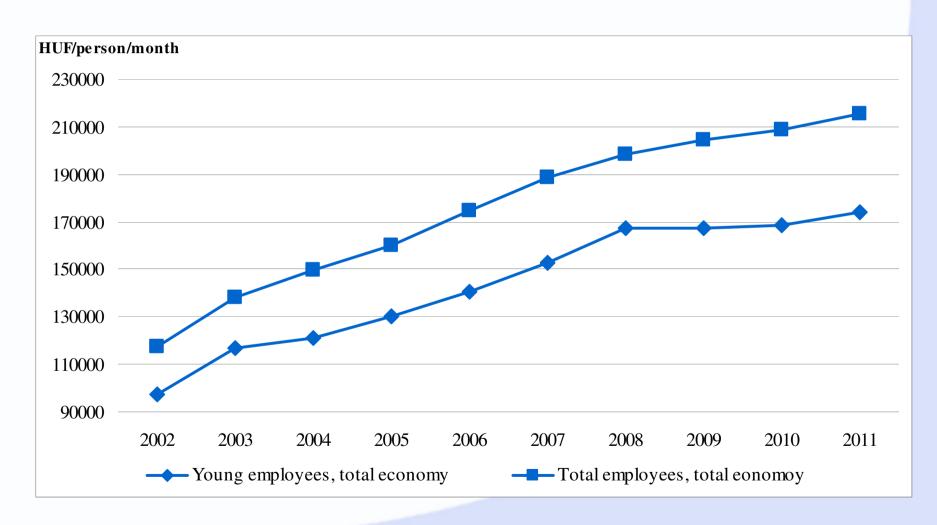
Source: PES register

## Monthly gross earnings of young employees (18-29 years) between 2002-2011 (HUF/pers./month)



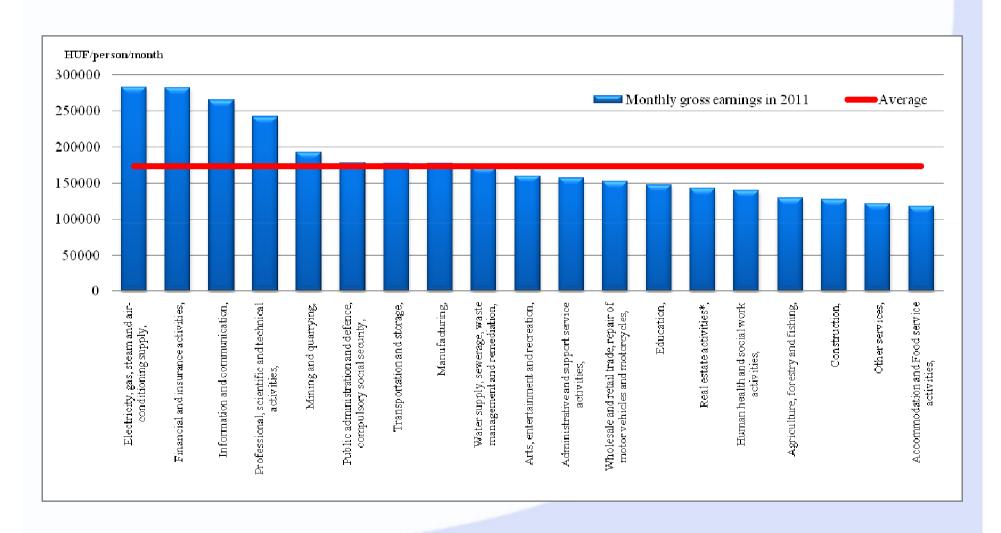
Source: The survey of individual wages and earning, National Employment Office

# Monthly gross earnings of young employees (18-29 years) and total employees, 2002-2011



Source: The survey of individual wages and earning, National Employment Office

## Monthly gross earnings of young employees (18-29 years) by sector, 2011



Source: The survey of individual wages and earning, National Employment Office

### Labour market prospects- Short term labour market outlook- data for 2013.

Ratio of enterprises to in 2012 and 20					
	2012	2013			
	N=1129	N=1063	Change, % -point		
Mining and quarrying*	5,3	20,0	14,7		
Manufacturing	21,5	21,2	-0,3		
Electricity and water supply	18,9	19,8	0,9		
Construction	10,5	9,4	-1,1		
Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor whicles and motorcycles	13,4	11,4	-2,0		
Transportation and storage	10,0	7,1	-2,8	TOP10 of the occupations which are wanted to fill in by the school-leavers at the of 2013	
Accommodation and catering	18,6	19,9	1,4		
Financial and business services	11,6	14,2	2,6	1. Shop assistant	
Public services	8,5	6,3	-2,2		
Other services	10,5	13,1	2,6	2. Assembler of products	
Total	15,2	14,7	-0,5	3. Mechanical engineer	
*Data in Mining and quarring are not reliable	because of lov	w samplesize.	4. Butcher		
				5. Locksmith	
			6. Machining worker		
			7. Shop cashier, ticket clerk		
			8. Electrical engineer (electronics engineer)		
			9. Electronics (light current) engineering technician		
Source: Short-term labor market for	orecast, Na	tional Emp	oloyment Office	2 10. Agricultural and industrial machinery (engine) mechanic and repairer	

#### Government's measures 1.

- Intervention in the taxation system:
- Flat-rate personal income tax combined with family elements: the state will not withdraw the benefits of improved knowledge and performance
- Job Protection Action Plan:
  - the rate of employers' contribution will decrease by 14% up to a salary of HUF 100 000 (about Euro 360) of every employee aged under 25
  - The allowance will be 28.5 per cent of the gross wage in the first two years of employment for career starter employees aged under 25 with maximum 180 days in employment;
  - in total 200.000 young people will be concerned in 2013.

#### Government's measures 2.

- New approach- more resources to active labour market policies:
- Stimulating employment in the open labour market by ALMPs this is a priority of government's employment policy
- Encouraging active job search and employment on the primary labour market in more advanced regions, trainings in disadvantaged regions, improvement of competences, public employment in localities lacking work opportunities;
- Involvement of new resources for youth employment: we stregthen our active programmes with HUF 22 billion from EU Funds in frame of *Social Renewal Operational Program*, implemented by labour centers. By using the available 117 billion HUF the project will contribute to improving the employment situation of over 117000 disadvantaged people. 53% of those will involve in trainings, and the plan is to place 72.000 persons in subsidised employment.
- There are six target groups, one of them are young people and career starters (their ratio of all participants is 32%)
- Elements: labor-market trainings, labour-cost subsidies, support to enhance mobility, facilitating enterpreneurship, provision of labour market services.

#### Government's measures 3.

- Special support for career starters and employers "First Job Guarantee" central labour market programme :
- Support for employers hiring registered jobseeking career starters in part-time or full-time employment for maximum 4 months
- Entitled: Career starters having not obtained eligibility for jobseekers' allowance after completing their studies, among them priority is given to unskilled persons and long-term jobseekers.
- **Amount:** 100% of the wage and social contribution tax, plus the refund of travel expenses (prepayment)
- Length: 4 months
- Financial resources: HUF 3,6 billion (National Employment Fund)
- Target: placement of 7000 career starters into the labour market- it has succeded
- Application period: 1 September 2012 to 31 December 2012, but it will continue in 2013.

#### Government' measures 4.

- Housing allowance
- A new intervention for those jobseekers who, in absence of suitable jobs, are not able to enter employment locally
- Target group: jobseekers trying to find employment for at least three months; jobseeking career starters; and employees affected by collective dismissals
- **Period/Amount of the allowance:** 18 months, as a fixed amount calculated degressively every six months (max. 100.000–60.000–40.000Ft/person/month; HUF1,2 Million/person in total)

#### Conditions:

- At least six-month long twenty-hour-per-week employment found at least one hundred kilometres or three hours' (six hours daily in total) travel by public transport from the person's domicile
- Monthly gross earnings may not exceed 300% of the amount of the minimum wage.
- **Resources:** This measure is financed within EU-funded active labour market programmes under the New Széchenyi Plan.

## New application possibilities for improving youth employability

#### 1. Support stimulating youth entrepreneurship:

- Target group: young people aged 18-35 years.
- Training opportunity: enterpreneurship education (financial literacy, business plan, marketing, legal environment, etc.); mentoring and counselling.
- Financial support: a non-refundable grant of HUF 3 million
- A total of HUF 7 billion using EU funds will be available to assist around 1.500 young entrepreneurs in launching their businesses
- Trainings start at the beginning of this year, the grant can be applied for after completion of the training.

#### 2. Apprenticeship Programme (New Széchenyi Plan (ÚSZT) – HUF 8,5 billion using EU funds):

- Target: supporting young career starters to gain work experience, job creation, strengthening the dual vocational training system.
- Measures: wage subsidy for obtaining work experience, supporting mentoring.

#### 3. Supporting employment programmes run by NGOs (ÚSZT – HUF 5 billion funded by the EU):

 Target: Supporting employment programmes run by NGOs, focusing on the labour market integration of disadvantaged career starters in particular

#### 4. Innovative employment programmes (ÚSZT – HUF 4,7 billion funded by the EU):

- Target: developing models of employment programmes.
- Priority target group contains career starters and young people having disadvantaged social background or living in undeveloped regions with lacking work opportunities.

### Thank you for your attention!

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